

POL3332F
Law, Politics, and the *Charter of Rights and Freedoms*
The University of Western Ontario
Fall 2024

Professor: Caroline Dick

Email: cdick4@uwo.ca

Lecture:

Zoom Office Hours:

Prerequisite(s): Political Science 2230E or Political Science 2530F/G or Sociology 2260A/B or Sociology 3260A/B.

Antirequisite(s): The former Political Science 403F/G

IMPORTANT NOTICE RE PREREQUISITES/ANTIREQUISITES

You are responsible for ensuring that you have successfully completed all course prerequisites, and that you have **not** taken an antirequisite course. Lack of prerequisites may not be used as a basis for appeal. If you are found to be **ineligible** for a course, you may be removed from it at any time and you will receive no adjustment to your fees. **This decision cannot be appealed.** If you find that you do not have the course requisites, it is in your best interest to drop the course well before the end of the add/drop period. Your prompt attention to this matter will not only help protect your academic record, but will ensure that spaces become available for students who require the course in question for graduation.

Course Description

The *Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms* has been described as the single most important innovation of the constitutional changes of 1982 and the most radical break ever made with the Canadian constitutional and legal order, which previously had been characterized by continuity and incremental development. The *Charter* assigns the judiciary the authority and responsibility to review legislative and executive decisions to determine whether they are consistent with the protected rights and freedoms enshrined in the *Charter*. However, judicial interpretations of the *Charter*, the respective roles of Parliament and the judiciary in the political process, and *Charter* litigation commenced by competing social interests are subjects that evoke considerable controversy. This course will examine these controversies.

Learning Objectives

By the end of the course, students should acquire an in-depth understanding of the operation of the *Charter* and its impact on and relationship to the political realm. Students should also be able to apply that knowledge to public policy issues by producing their own *Charter* analyses to resolve rights-based, public policy controversies and by critically evaluating *Charter* jurisprudence.

Required Readings

Most of the readings are available electronically through the library catalogue and can be easily retrieved by searching the library database using the “Catalogue and Collections.” Searching by the journal title is often the easiest way to retrieve articles. However, some course readings are not readily available via the library. These course readings are marked with an asterisk (*) and are posted in the resources section of OWL. Abbreviated versions of the Supreme Court of Canada cases that have been designated as required readings are also available in the course website. Students are not required to do the recommended readings. However, the instructor may refer to materials from those and other readings during lectures.

Other Sources

Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms, Part I of the *Constitution Act, 1982*, being Schedule B to the *Canada Act 1982* (U.K.), 1982, c. 11.

https://www.mcgill.ca/dise/files/dise/cdn_rights.pdf

Full text legal decisions of the Supreme Court of Canada are available electronically at:

<http://scc.lexum.org/decisia-scc-csc/scc-csc/en/nav.do>

Format

This is a lecture-based course. Weekly lecture outlines will be posted on OWL prior to the lecture to assist students with note taking and organizing lecture content.

Technical requirements

Reliable access to a high-speed internet connection and a computer or other device that can be used to complete OWL quizzes is required to complete the course. Optimally, students will also have a computer with a microphone and/or webcam (or a smart device with these features) so that they can attend office hours via Zoom.

Evaluation:

1. Quiz 20% (covering weeks 2, 3 and 5) (Details below)
2. Case Analysis 35% (DUE: Monday, November 25 @ 11:00 am)
3. Final Examination 45% (covering week 7 on)

Email

The Professor will respond to email and will do her best to reply within 48 hours (excluding weekends). Please do not send email messages via OWL. Do note that university policy precludes Professors from responding to email messages that were not sent from a UWO email account. Note, also, that grades may not be discussed via email.

OWL Website

All course material will be posted to OWL Brightspace: <https://westernu.brightspace.com/>. If students need assistance with OWL Brightspace, they can seek support on the [OWL Brightspace Help](#) page. Alternatively, they can contact the [Western Technology Services Helpdesk](#) online or by phone at 519-661-3800 or ext. 83800 for technical support. Current versions of all popular browsers (e.g., Safari, Chrome, Edge, Firefox) are supported with OWL Brightspace; what is most important is that you update your browser frequently to ensure it is current. All JavaScript and cookies should be enabled.

IMPORTANT POLICIES

Academic Offences

Scholastic offences are taken seriously. Students are directed to read the policy on Scholastic Offences at the following web site:

https://www.uwo.ca/univsec/pdf/academic_policies/appeals/scholastic_discipline_undergrad.pdf

Attendance

Class attendance is mandatory.

Missed Classes and Lecture Notes

Getting a set of lecture notes for missed classes is important to ensuring success in the course. However, **the instructor does not procure lecture notes for students; nor does academic counselling ask instructors to find lecture notes for students or give them the lecture.** When a student is unable to attend class, it is the student's responsibility to ask a classmate for lecture notes. **If you don't know anyone in the class, make contact with a couple of classmates early in the term for the explicit purpose of sharing lecture notes.**

Turnitin

All assignments are subject to submission for textual similarity review to the commercial plagiarism detection software under license to the University for the detection of plagiarism. All papers submitted for such checking will be included as source documents in the reference database for the purpose of detecting plagiarism of papers subsequently submitted to the system. Use of the service is subject to the licensing agreement, currently between The University of Western Ontario and Turnitin.com (<http://www.turnitin.com>).

AI Use Prohibited

The use of generative AI tools (such as ChatGPT, DALL-E, etc.) is not permitted in this class; therefore, any use of AI tools for work in this class may be considered a violation of the University of Western Ontario's [Academic Misconduct](#) which may constitute a [Scholastic Offence](#). The use of unauthorized AI tools will result in: a failure to receive full grades, the need to resubmit the assignment, need to orally present the assignment in office hours, or a failure to complete the requirements of the course.

Submission of Assignments

Written assignments must be submitted electronically to turnitin.com through the course OWL website. Students may submit their assignments to turnitin one time only. Multiple submissions are not allowed. Students may not submit their papers to turnitin using other course web sites prior to submitting their assignments in 3332. **Students who do submit 3332 assignments to turnitin using other course web sites will receive a grade of zero on the assignment.**

Late Penalty for Written Assignments

Late written assignments will be accepted for one week after the due date with a late penalty of 2% per day. **Assignments that are more than 1 week late will not be accepted for grading.**

Academic Accommodation

University policy on academic considerations are described here:

https://uwo.ca/univsec/pdf/academic_policies/appeals/academic_consideration_Sep24.pdf.

This policy requires that all requests for academic considerations must be accompanied by a self-attestation. Further information about academic considerations, and information about submitting this self-attestation with your academic consideration request may be found here. Please note that any academic considerations granted in this course will be determined by the instructor, in consultation with the academic advisors in your Faculty of Registration, in accordance with information presented in this course outline.

Academic Counselling for the Faculty of **Social Science** is located at SSC 2105

Telephone: 519 661-2011

Recorded information: 519 661-2052

Fax: 519 661-3384

Email: ssaco@uwo.ca

Support Services

Students who are in emotional/mental distress should refer to Mental Health@Western <http://www.uwo.ca/uwocom/mentalhealth/> for a complete list of options about how to obtain help.

Western is committed to reducing incidents of gender-based and sexual violence and providing compassionate support to anyone who has gone through these traumatic events. If you have experienced sexual or gender-based violence (either recently or in the past), you will find information about support services for survivors, including emergency contacts at:

https://www.uwo.ca/health/student_support/survivor_support/get-help.html.

Computer Problems

Students are expected to back up their written work and lecture notes. Furthermore, students will be responsible for finding replacement lecture notes where they fail to back-up their files.

Extensions are not granted for computer-related problems.

Grade Appeals

After grades are posted, **students must wait 48 hours before contacting the instructor about their grade.**

If you are concerned that your assignment was not graded fairly, you may formally appeal your assignment grade **to the Professor within 10 days of the assignment grade being released.** To appeal your assignment, you must provide a one-page statement explaining why the comments provided to justify your grade are inaccurate or unfounded.

Please note that in the absence of a clear error that renders the original grade unsupportable, an appeal that is essentially an invitation to second-guess the original evaluation will be dismissed. A student's mere dissatisfaction with a grade does not constitute a ground of appeal. Similarly, a claim that the grade does not reflect the student's knowledge of the material or the effort expended is not a valid appeal ground. **Please note that grades may be either raised or lowered on appeal.**

Requests for Grade Changes, Grade Bumps and Make-Up Work

Students are often concerned with meeting certain grade thresholds, especially when they are hoping to gain entry into programs after graduating. As a former student who also sought entry to these programs, I do understand the desire to perform well and meet entry requirements. However, **I do not entertain requests for changing grades, bumping grades or make-up work.** In my view, these requests are not fair to other students who accept their grades respectfully and who are also competing for spots in post-graduation programs. All students will receive the grade that they earned in the class once assignment marks are totalled.

Evaluation Details

Quiz

The Quiz will consist of **27 multiple choice questions** and will be divided into 3 parts that align with the 3 weeks covered by the quiz. Students will have **24 minutes** in which to complete the quiz. The **Quiz will open on OWL on October 22 @ 9:00 am and close on October 24 @ 11:00*am*.**

This means that **quizzes must be completed by 11:00 am.** If you have started the quiz, it will shut down at 11:00 am whether or not you are finished.

Please be sure to **save your quiz answers** before you submit your quiz for grading.

Please note that this is a “rapid recall” quiz. Students must know the answers; there is no time to look answers up. The time limit is set to preclude this.

Students will be given a 50 hour period in which to take a quiz and must complete quizzes during that time frame. Students will not be allowed to take a quiz that they missed without academic consideration. Students who log in to a make-up quiz without having academic consideration in place will be treated as having committed an academic offence.

Make-Up Quiz

Students seeking academic consideration without documentation will write a make-up quiz. The make-up quiz will open on October 29 at @ 9:00 am and **close on October 31 @ 11:00*am*.**

Case Analysis

****Please note that this assessment is central to the learning objectives for this course.**

Accordingly, **students seeking academic consideration for this assessment will be required to provide formal supporting documentation.** Students who are granted academic consideration for this assessment will be provided with the opportunity to submit their work at a later date as determined via the accommodation process.

Format

Students will write a case analysis of the Supreme Court of Canada decision identified below. Papers must be typed and double-spaced, using a standard 12 point font and standard (1"/2.54 cm) margins. The case analysis has a **2500 word limit, which includes the title page, notes, and bibliography.** Papers that are over the word limit will be penalized.

Papers must include a bibliography or works cited page. Footnotes, endnotes or in-text citations are acceptable, though they must be in Chicago style format. **Where using footnotes or endnotes, your first citation for each source must be a full citation with all publication information**, with subsequent citations using a shortened form, which includes the title of the work. As per the Chicago style, **cites must include pinpoints** where page numbers or paragraph numbers are available in the source being cited. **Failing to format assignments in correct Chicago format will lead to deductions. Failing to provide pinpoints will result in a significant deduction.**

Content

Split decisions in the Supreme Court of Canada reveal staunch disagreements about the application of legal principles. But they can also point to disagreements about the appropriate relationship between courts and legislatures, approaches to constitutional interpretation, the limits that ought to be placed on the judicial role, and the meaning of key concepts (etc.) - things that we have discussed throughout the course.

This assignment not only asks students to summarize key aspects of a SCC judgement; it requires students to identify where and how course concepts, theories, and debates fuel the arguments of the majority and minority **regarding the appropriate role of the judiciary in a democratic polity.**

Because students will be connecting weekly readings to a Supreme Court of Canada judgement, students must cite class readings to provide scholarly explanations of, and support for, the concepts, arguments and theories that they raise. **Students may NOT cite their lecture notes.**

Students are **required to use the five headings identified below in completing the case analysis components.** Students do not need to incorporate a formal introduction or conclusion into their case analysis. Do note that the assignment does **not** ask students to offer their own personal assessments or critiques of the judgement as there is no space to do so. The case analysis has **five parts** and case analyses must use these five headings:

1) **Parties, Intervenors and Majority/Minority:**

- Correct identification is the task here.
- Identify the parties to the case
- Identify the intervenors. If there are voluminous intervenors, it is acceptable to talk about the *kinds* of interests that participated as intervenors and provide a couple of examples of groups representing those interests, rather than listing every one.
- Identify which SCC judges constituted the majority and which judges made up the minority.

2) **Facts:**

- Provide a brief synopsis of the facts of the case and identify the central Charter issue before the Court.
- This is the who, what, when, where, why part of the analysis. Who is the claimant?

- What legislation in the Charter claimant contesting?
- Which section(s) of the *Charter* does the claimant believe has been breached and why? You will be explaining why the claimant believes the Charter has been breached in more detail later, so provide a bare bones explanation here.
- Note that there is no need to discuss lower court rulings in setting out the facts of the case (or anywhere else).

3) Arguments of the Parties:

- Provide a brief discussion of the arguments advanced by the **parties** concerning the central Charter issue before the Court.
- While you should have identified the nature of the alleged Charter breach in part 2, this is where you spend some more time fleshing the claimant's argument out. What arguments is the Charter claimant advancing to establish the rights violation?
- What arguments is the government offering to dispute the claim that the *Charter* has been breached?
- Make sure that you are talking about the **parties' arguments**. In some judgments, this requires us to deduce what the parties' arguments were from the Court's decision.

4) The Relationship between Courts and Legislatures:

- Provide a **detailed discussion** identifying where and how disagreements about the **appropriate relationship between courts and legislatures** arise in the judgment and pit the majority and minority against one another. While there may be explicit references to course concepts in the judgement itself, students should also consider how the judgement reflects course concepts around the relationship between courts and legislatures, even if not specifically flagged by the Court. **This is the most important part of the assignment and should receive the most space and attention.**
- If you've been paying attention to where key concepts and arguments are housed in the required readings week to week, this will be much easier.
- The case you have been given contains a disagreement about how a Charter rights case ought to be resolved. But for the purposes of this section, there is a much more important judicial disagreement that you must find.
- The case was selected because there is also a debate going on between the majority and minority concerning the **appropriate role of judges and the appropriate limits of judicial review** in a democratic polity. These issues include but are not limited to the way in which judges approach constitutional interpretation and the impact their decisions have on the democratic process.

- Students should identify and **cite specific passages from the judgment** that point to the judicial debate going on about the appropriate relationship between courts and legislatures. Students should then explain how the judicial debate exemplifies ideas, concepts and debates discussed in the class readings by **citing those readings**. How does the dispute going on between the judges in the case reflect ideas and debates concerning the appropriate judicial role? **It is not acceptable to cite your lecture notes**; you must cite the peer-reviewed scholarly literature.

5) Case Outcome:

- This need not be a long discussion.
- Provide a brief discussion of the outcome of the case, including the majority and minority's reasons for deciding as they did.
- Why did one side find a rights violation? Why did the other side think that the legislation was constitutional? This should include some reference to section 1 analysis. Where did the government fail the section 1 test in the eyes of some judges?

The Case

RJR-MacDonald Inc. v. Canada (Attorney General), [1995] 3 S.C.R. 199. Available at: <https://decisions.scc-csc.ca/scc-csc/scc-csc/en/item/1290/index.do>. This case involves a Charter challenge to the *Tobacco Products Control Act's* prohibition on tobacco advertising. **Please note that students are only addressing the Charter issues raised in the case. Discussions concerning the division of powers and the federal government's criminal law power are NOT Charter issues and should not be addressed in your analysis.**

Note on Citing Court Cases

Please note that it is **not acceptable** to cite from the case summary/headnote. Only paragraphs with assigned paragraph numbers may be cited.

Your bibliographical entry should appear as follows:

RJR-MacDonald Inc. v. Canada (Attorney General), [1995] 3 S.C.R. 199.

For students using footnotes or endnotes, the first citation should appear as follows:

RJR-MacDonald Inc. v. Canada (Attorney General), [1995] 3 S.C.R. 199 at para. 55.

Subsequent citations may appear as follows:

RJR-MacDonald Inc. v. Canada at para. 44.

RJR-MacDonald Inc. v. Canada at paras. 14-15. (when referencing more than one paragraph)

Students may choose to use Chicago's Author-Date system if they wish to.

(*RJR-MacDonald Inc. v. Canada* 1995 at para. 54).

**APPENDIX A: APPENDIX TO UNDERGRADUATE COURSE
OUTLINES DEPARTMENT OF POLITICAL SCIENCE**

Prerequisite checking - the student's responsibility

"Unless you have either the requisites for this course or written special permission from your Dean to enroll in it, you may be removed from this course and it will be deleted from your record. This decision may not be appealed. You will receive no adjustment to your fees in the event that you are dropped from a course for failing to have the necessary prerequisites."

Essay course requirements

With the exception of 1000-level courses, most courses in the Department of Political Science are essay courses. Total written assignments (excluding examinations) will be at least 3,000 words in Politics 1020E, at least 5,000 words in a full course numbered 2000 or above, and at least 2,500 words in a half course numbered 2000 or above.

Use of Personal Response Systems ("Clickers")

"Personal Response Systems ("clickers") may be used in some classes. If clickers are to be used in a class, it is the responsibility of the student to ensure that the device is activated and functional. Students must see their instructor if they have any concerns about whether the clicker is malfunctioning.

Students must use only their own clicker. If clicker records are used to compute a portion of the course grade:

- the use of somebody else's clicker in class constitutes a scholastic offence,
- the possession of a clicker belonging to another student will be interpreted as an attempt to commit a scholastic offence."

Security and Confidentiality of Student Work (refer to current *Western Academic Calendar*

[\(http://www.westerncalendar.uwo.ca/\)](http://www.westerncalendar.uwo.ca/)

"**Submitting or Returning Student Assignments, Tests and Exams** - All student assignments, tests and exams will be handled in a secure and confidential manner. Particularly in this respect, leaving student work unattended in public areas for pickup is not permitted."

Duplication of work

Undergraduate students who submit similar assignments on closely related topics in two different courses must obtain the consent of both instructors prior to the submission of the assignment. If prior approval is not obtained, each instructor reserves the right not to accept the assignment.

Grade adjustments

In order to ensure that comparable standards are applied in political science courses, the Department may require instructors to adjust final marks to conform to Departmental guidelines.

Academic Offences

"Scholastic offences are taken seriously and students are directed to read the appropriate policy, specifically, the definition of what constitutes a Scholastic Offence, at the following Web site:

<http://www.uwo.ca/univsec/handbook/appeals/scholoff.pdf>."

Submission of Course Requirements

ESSAYS, ASSIGNMENTS, TAKE-HOME EXAMS **MUST** BE SUBMITTED ACCORDING TO PROCEDURES SPECIFIED BY YOUR INSTRUCTOR (I.E., IN CLASS, DURING OFFICE HOURS, TA'S OFFICE HOURS) OR UNDER THE INSTRUCTOR'S OFFICE DOOR.

THE MAIN OFFICE DOES NOT DATE-STAMP OR ACCEPT ANY OF THE ABOVE.

Note: Information excerpted and quoted above are Senate regulations from the Handbook of Scholarship and Academic Policy. <http://www.uwo.ca/univsec/handbook/>

Students registered in Social Science should refer to <http://counselling.ssc.uwo.ca/> <http://counselling.ssc.uwo.ca/procedures/havingproblems.asp> for information on Medical Policy, Term Tests, Final Examinations, Late Assignments, Short Absences, Extended Absences, Documentation and other Academic Concerns. Non-Social Science students should refer to their home faculty's academic counselling office.

Plagiarism

"Plagiarism: Students must write their essays and assignments in their own words. Whenever students take an idea, or a passage from another author, they must acknowledge their debt both by using quotation marks where appropriate and by proper referencing such as footnotes or citations. Plagiarism is a major academic offence." (see Scholastic Offence Policy in the Western Academic Calendar).

Plagiarism Checking: "All required papers may be subject to submission for textual similarity review to the commercial plagiarism detection software under license to the University for the detection of plagiarism. All papers submitted for such checking will be included as source documents in the reference database for the purpose of detecting plagiarism of papers subsequently submitted to the system. Use of the service is subject to the licensing agreement, currently between The University of Western Ontario and Turnitin.com (<http://www.turnitin.com>)."

Multiple-choice tests/exams: "Computer-marked multiple-choice tests and/or exams may be subject to submission for similarity review by software that will check for unusual coincidences in answer patterns that may indicate cheating."

Note: Information excerpted and quoted above are Senate regulations from the Handbook of Scholarship and Academic Policy. <http://www.uwo.ca/univsec/handbook/>

PLAGIARISM*

In writing scholarly papers, you must keep firmly in mind the need to avoid plagiarism. Plagiarism is the unacknowledged borrowing of another writer's words or ideas. Different forms of writing require different types of acknowledgement. The following rules pertain to the acknowledgements necessary in academic papers.

A. In using another writer's words, you must both place the words in quotation marks and acknowledge that the words are those of another writer.

You are plagiarizing if you use a sequence of words, a sentence or a paragraph taken from other writers without acknowledging them to be theirs. Acknowledgement is indicated either by (1) mentioning the author and work from which the words are borrowed in the text of your paper; or by (2) placing a footnote number at the end of the quotation in your text, and including a correspondingly numbered footnote at the bottom of the page (or in a separate reference section at the end of your essay). This footnote should indicate author, title of the work, place and date of publication, and page number.

Method (2) given above is usually preferable for academic essays because it provides the reader with more information about your sources and leaves your text uncluttered with parenthetical and tangential references. In either case words taken from another author must be enclosed in quotation marks or set off from your text by single spacing and indentation in such a way that they cannot be mistaken for your own words. Note that you cannot avoid indicating quotation simply by changing a word or phrase in a sentence or paragraph which is not your own.

B. In adopting other writers' ideas, you must acknowledge that they are theirs.

You are plagiarizing if you adopt, summarize, or paraphrase other writers' trains of argument, ideas or sequences of ideas without acknowledging their authorship according to the method of acknowledgement given in 'A' above. Since the words are your own, they need not be enclosed in quotation marks. Be certain, however, that the words you use are entirely your own; where you must use words or phrases from your source, these should be enclosed in quotation marks, as in 'A' above.

Clearly, it is possible for you to formulate arguments or ideas independently of another writer who has expounded the same ideas, and whom you have not read. Where you got your ideas is the important consideration here. Do not be afraid to present an argument or idea without acknowledgement to another writer, if you have arrived at it entirely independently. Acknowledge it if you have derived it from a source outside your own thinking on the subject.

In short, use of acknowledgements and, when necessary, quotation marks is necessary to distinguish clearly between what is yours and what is not. Since the rules have been explained to you, if you fail to make this distinction your instructor very likely will do so for you, and they will be forced to regard your omission as intentional literary theft. Plagiarism is a serious offence which may result in a student's receiving an 'F' in a course or, in extreme cases in their suspension from the University.

*Reprinted by permission of the Department of History

Adopted by the council of the Faculty of Social Science, October, 1970; approved by the Dept. of History August 13, 1991

Accessibility at Western: Please contact pOlicscie@uwo.ca if you require any information in plain text format, or if any other accommodation can make the course material and/or physical space accessible to you.

SUPPORT SERVICES

Students who are in emotional/mental distress should refer to Mental Health@Western <http://www.uwo.ca/uwocom/mentalhealth/> for a complete list of options about how to obtain help.

Appendix B - Procedures for Requesting Academic Consideration

Students who experience an extenuating circumstance (illness, injury, or other extenuating circumstance) sufficiently significant to temporarily render them unable to meet academic requirements may submit a request for academic consideration through the following routes:

- For medical absences, submitting a Student Medical Certificate (SMC) signed by a licensed medical or mental health practitioner in order to be eligible for Academic Consideration; or
- For non-medical absences, submitting appropriate documentation (e.g., obituary, police report, accident report, court order, etc.) to Academic Counselling in their Faculty of registration in order to be eligible for academic consideration. Students are encouraged to contact their Academic Counselling unit to clarify what documentation is appropriate.

Students seeking academic consideration:

- are advised to consider carefully the implications of postponing tests or midterm exams or delaying handing in work;
- must communicate with their instructors **no later than 24 hours** after the end of the period covered by an SMC, or immediately upon their return following a documented absence.

Academic consideration **is not** normally intended for the following circumstances:

- Students who require academic accommodation based on an ongoing physical or mental illness (recurring or chronic) or an existing disability. These students are expected to seek and arrange reasonable accommodations with Student Accessibility Services (SAS) as soon as possible in accordance with the Policy on Academic Accommodation for Students with Disability.
- Students who experience high levels of stress related to academic performance (including completing assignments, taking part in presentations, or writing tests or examinations). These students should access support through Student Health and Wellness and Learning Skills Services in order to deal with this stress in a proactive and constructive manner.

Request for Academic Consideration for a Medical Absence

Students seeking academic consideration for a medical absence not covered by existing Student Accessibility Services (SAS) accommodation, will be required to provide documentation in person to Academic Counselling in their Faculty of registration in the form of a completed, signed Student Medical Certificate (SMC).

Request for Academic Consideration for a Non-Medical Absence

Students seeking academic consideration for a non-medical absence will be required to provide appropriate documentation to Academic Counselling in their Faculty of registration.